



Technical Manual

for installation, operation and maintenance

Compact KC 150 - 190 - 240



Version 83 - 06.2023
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AQUATEC- Water maker, Manufacture and distribution by North-Marine Handels GmbH Papenreye 61, D 22453 Hamburg.	
Contact	sup@aquatec-watermaker.de, Tel: +49 (0)40-36850306
Web	www.aquatec-watermaker.de

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Thank you to choose an AQUATEC Watermaker for the provisioning of fresh water on your boat. AQUATEC equipment is made from high-quality components exclusively and has proven its reliability on long cruising-yachts. We are convinced that our product will serve you for many years without interferences.

Recommendation for using your Aquatec reverse osmosis system.

Daily use is preferable to a one-time weekly use.
The system produces water with a neutral taste and very good quality.

Important: The drinking water must be bottled from the test outlet of the system during operation, ideally after filling the on-board water tank. Only fill the required amount until the next operation of the plant. Clean the drinking water bottle regularly.

If the product water from the on-board water tank is used as drinking water, follow-up-treatment is recommended. No further treatment is usually necessary as service water.

Scope of delivery Seawater R.O. AQUATEC



Connection cable, through-hull fittings and sea cock must be provided on-board.
See last page for complete part list.




Cruising kit, Option

4 filter-cartridges 5 Micron, 4 filter-cartridges 20 Micron, 2 filter- cartridges charcoal.
Detergents Acid and Alkaline as well as Biocide for preservation.
1 set low- and high-pressure gasket for hp pump,
1 set of hp pump valves (6 pc.). O-ring spare part kit for hp pump and membrane.
This option eliminates the smaller amount of biocides included in the standard delivery

This instruction includes important safety information and instructions for commissioning, operation and maintenance of the Aquatec Watermaker components. It is essential therefore, that the responsible specialist refers to it before starting any work on the machinery as well as prior to commissioning. Furthermore, this instruction must always be available on site.

To ensure total satisfaction, please read this user manual carefully. Warranty will be void if the installation does not meet this requirement. Disregarding the warnings / instructions in the User Guide and incorrect installation can lead to serious health damage or possibly the loss of the vessel.
The following symbols and their meaning must be observed throughout the manual. Please follow the instructions and take appropriate measures.

EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS

	<p>Warning! Immediate danger that can lead to serious injury to persons or damage to the machine or the loss of the vessel.</p>		<p>Warning! Warnings regarding electric power equipment. Non-observance of safety instructions could lead to danger of life or limb:</p>		<p>Attention! Indicates an instruction that requires special attention.</p>
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Please note the following information.








 <p>Warning!</p>	<p>Damage to pumps and system parts due to dry running or insufficient water supply are not covered by warranty.</p>
 <p>Warning!</p>	<p>Aquatec Watermaker are designed for permanent installation on ships. Operation of the system is only permitted with clean seawater.</p>
 <p>Warning!</p>	<p>Never operate your Aquatec Watermaker unsupervised and leave the operation only to trained persons. Please note: If there are any leaks, the boat can fill up with water and sink, thereby endangering the life of the people on board.</p>
 <p>Warning!</p>	<p>Install the high-pressure pump on a stable substrate. Install the high-pressure pump in a dry area which allows an exchange of air necessary for cooling the motor-pump unit. The pumps may not be operated if explosive or flammable Materials are present. Please note: The motors and pumps develop high temperatures during operation. Touching it can cause burns.</p>
 <p>Warning!</p>	<p>The installation of the hoses to the components of the system must be carried out in compliance with the bending radii without stress and vibration (risk of breakage).</p>
 <p>Attention!</p>	<p>Like any piece of mechanical equipment, the system will require inspection and service from time to time. For easy access to enable a simple regular monitoring and proper maintenance do not place the components in inaccessible areas. It should be easily accessible roundly to make service and inspection work as comfortable as possible.</p>
 <p>Attention!</p>	<p>The already assembled membranes can be stored for approx. 5 months in the sealed pressure tube, preferably cool, but preferably not above 20 ° ambient temperature. However, we recommend installing and using the Watermaker as soon as possible.</p>

Table of contents

Notes / Info

3	Scope of delivery
4	Safety warnings
6	Introduction reverse osmosis
7	Overview

Operating

8 - 9	Start plant
10 - 11	Shutdown / fresh water flush.
12 - 13	Long term preservation (mothballing), antifreeze
14 - 15	Membrane cleaning

Installation

16 - 18	Installation guide
20 - 21	Electrical connection

Important

22	Inspection – maintenance – oil change
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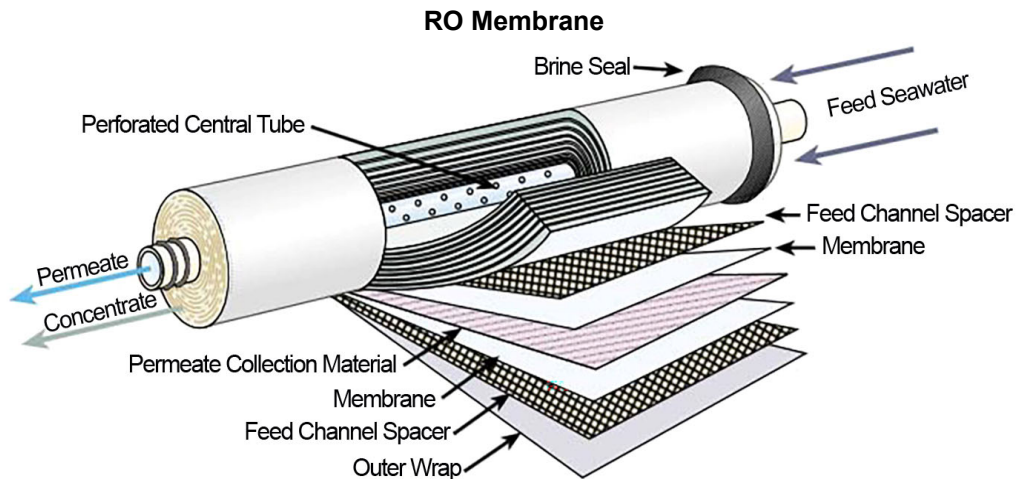
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23	Change of membranes
24 – 25	Troubleshooting
26 - 29	Exploring diagram high-pressure pumps
30	Feed-pumps overview
31	Pressure-regulation-valve
31	Hose dimension
32 - 33	Specification / dimensions
34	Connection diagram membranes
35	Part List

Introduction

The principle of reverse osmosis (RO)

In natural sciences and technology, osmosis is perceived as the directed migration of molecules through a semi permeable membrane. The chemical and physical structure of the membrane determines which molecules are able to pass and which are not. For this reason, it is called semi-permeable, which means as much as halfway or partial permeability.



If one mixes different liquids, like in this case water with different salinities, they aim to equalize their concentration. That way, the seawater would be thinned out and the drinking water would be enriched with salts. The effect would be a less concentrated, homogeneous dissolution. Pouring sea- and fresh water in equal amounts into a container where both liquids are separated by an adequate semi-permeable membrane, there would be one side with seawater that is highly loaded with salts, on the other side more or less "clean" water without or with little dissolved components.

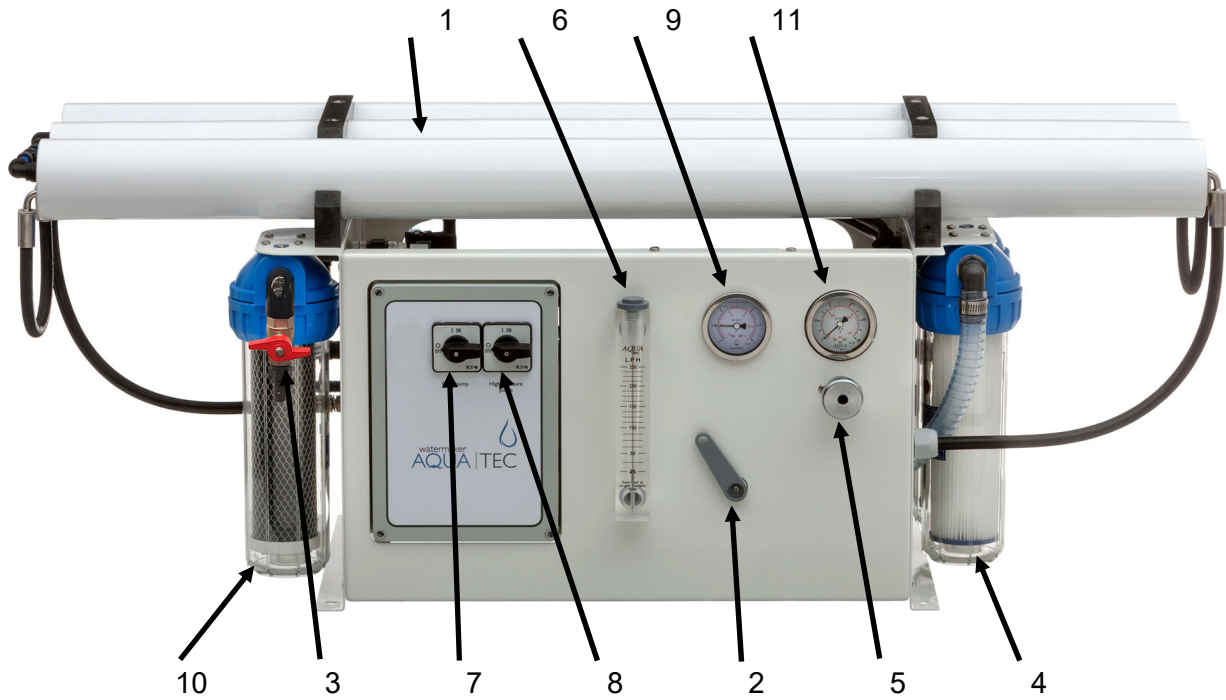
The natural tendency of both liquids to equalize their salinity leads to the migration of water molecules from the fresh water side towards the seawater side. As a result, the volume of water on the fresh water side decreases while it increases on the seawater side. This process of osmosis takes place until the pressure on the seawater side is in accordance with the osmotic pressure. Then it stops. In this case, the osmotic pressure is around 30 bar.

The described process however is reversible by exposing the liquid on the seawater side to mechanical pressure. At a pressure of 30 bar, the osmotic process cannot take place or would rather be reversed. When pressure is increased beyond 30 bar, for instance 60 bar, water molecules from the seawater side migrate to the fresh water side. All other components of the seawater dissolution are not able to pass the membrane. As a result, the dissolution on the seawater side remains highly-concentrated while there is a gain of fresh water on the other side of the membrane. This process is referred to as reverse osmosis (R.O.)

The seawater is delivered to the pressure pipe's entry side of a RO-system by a high-pressure pump. The osmotic membrane is located in the pressure pipe and is merely permeable for the vehicle "water" (solvent) and detain the solute substances. When the pressure difference is more than leveling out the osmotic head, the water molecules are able to pass the membrane that works like a filter, while the "unpurified" molecules are detained. In opposite to a classic membrane-filter, osmosis membranes do not have continuous pores. In fact, the ions and molecules are migrating through the membrane by diffusing through the membrane material.




Inside of the membrane, the permeate-tube is located which transports the product-water (permeate) through one of the two end caps of the pressure pipe towards the fresh water tank. The excess seawater, now referred to as concentrate (brine), is drained off overboard through the outlet of the pressure pipe by a pressure control valve.

Overview







1	Membranes 2 up to 4 pc. depending on the plant
2	three-way valve switchover test outlet / fresh water tank
3	Valve fresh water flush
4	Sediment filter (20 / 5 Micron) pre-filter sea water
5	Pressure regulation valve
6	Flow meter, shows litre/ h. product water quantity
7	Switch feed pump
8	Switch high pressure pump
9	Gauge feed pressure
10	Charcoal filter for fresh water flush
11	Gauge working pressure



Operating instructions

 Warning!	<p>Never operate your Aquatec Watermaker unsupervised and leave the operation only to trained persons.</p> <p>Please note: If there are any leaks, the boat can fill up with water and sink, thereby endangering the life of the people on board.</p>
 Attention!	<p>Do not operate your water maker with unpurified seawater (oil, chlorine or other chemicals).</p>
 Warning!	<p>The R.O. membranes are conserved with a dissolution that, when ingested, can cause irritations of the gastrointestinal tract. For that reason, the product water must not be consumed within the first 30 minutes of operating time, beforehand it has to be drained over the test-outlet. This applies accordingly after temporary shutdown or cleaning of the membranes with the cleaning chemicals.</p>

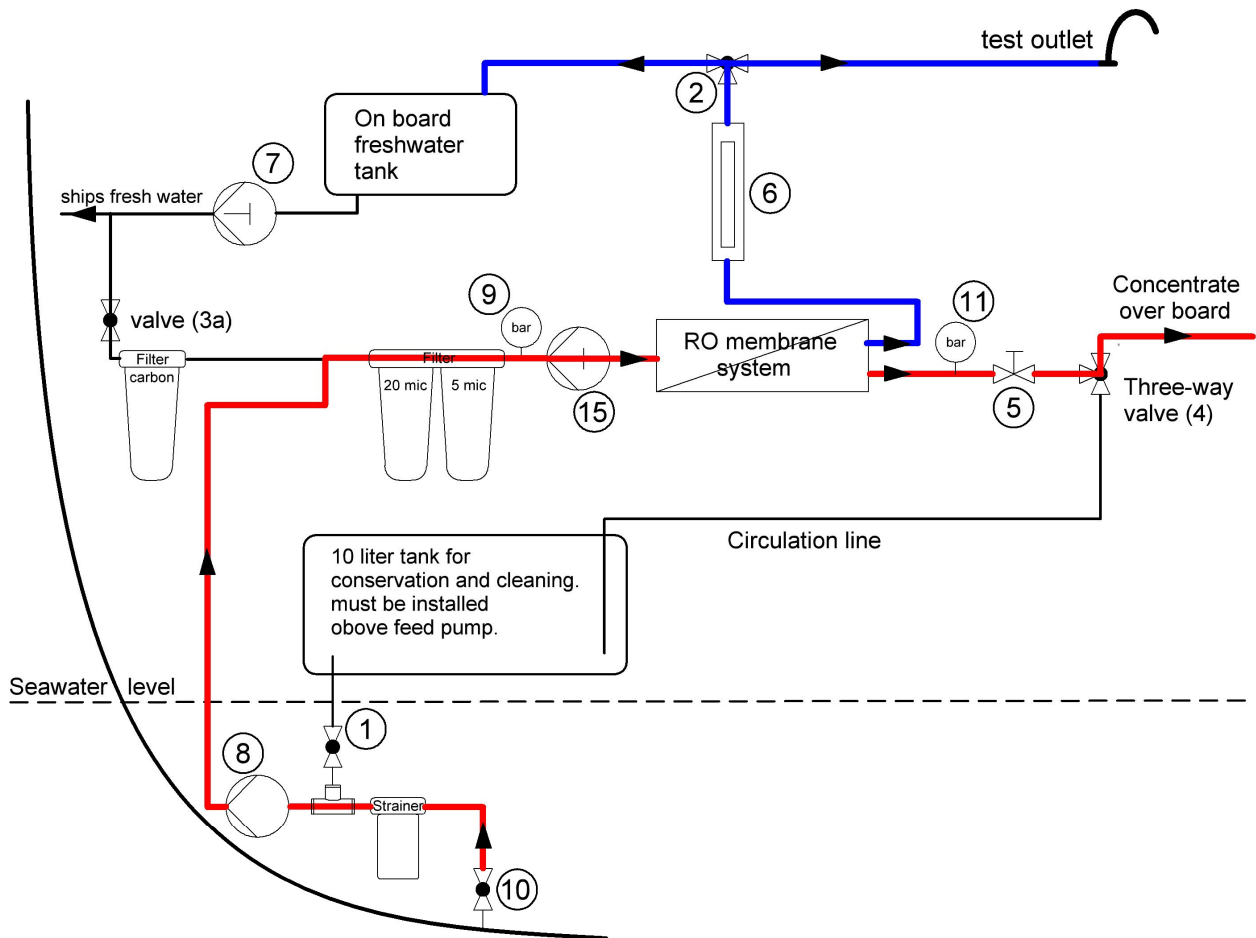
Placing into operation

 Attention!	<p>Avoid starting the HP-pump several times in short intervals or starting with closed pressure control valve to avoid a defect of the motor capacitors.</p>
 Attention!	<p>Important: Check the oil level and condition of the high-pressure pump oil daily. In the event of condensation in the oil (whitish/greyish discoloration due to continuous operation, warm environment), change the oil immediately.</p>


	<p>1) Open the seawater intake valve (no.10).</p> <p>2) The pressure control valve (no.5) in the control panel has to be fully opened by turning counter clockwise.</p> <p> Warning! Never start your Aquatec with closed pressure control valve!</p> <p>Starting with a closed valve destroys the pressure reading and possibly essential parts of the equipment.</p> <p>An open pressure control valve can be seen when the first two threads of the valve body becoming visible by turning the pressure control wheel. (see picture left)</p>
<p>3) Turn three-way valve (no. 4) according to the flow diagram to position fresh water production. Turn three-way valve (no. 2) to position test-outlet.</p> <p>4) Switch on the feed pump. The gauge (no.9, "pressure feed water") must show positive pressure. De-aerate the pre-filter system if necessary and control the drain water. To prefill the system, a short fresh water flush via the onboard pressure water pump can be useful.</p> <p>5) Switch on the high-pressure pump.</p> <p>6) Increase the pressure at the pressure control valve (no.5) by slowly turning it clockwise to about 30 bars. Let the system work for about 30 seconds. There should not be any air pockets visible in the system.</p> <p>7) Increase the pressure stepwise up to the maximum working pressure (55 bar, 800 psi). Test the product water by tasting from the test outlet (at daily operation, the product water should be salt-free after about 60 seconds). By shifting the three-way valve no. 2, the product water is fed into the fresh water tank.</p> <p>8) Important: During operation, check the entire system for leaks and smooth running. Operation is not permitted if the system is in a faulty condition.</p>	

 Warning!	<p>Never turn the pressure regulation knob completely out while the system is running. The pressure pushes out the parts inside, which can result in injury and loss.</p>
 Attention!	<p>The maximum working pressure of 55 bar (800 psi) must not be exceeded.</p> <p>If the system is operated in brackish water, seawater with lower salinity or higher water temperature is operated, the fresh water production must not exceed the value specified for the plant! In this case, adjust the working pressure under constant observation of the product water quantity only up to the standard quantity of water production.</p> <p>(e.g. Baltic Sea about 35 bar or 490 psi)</p>

Flow diagram water production



1	Valve for circulation	7	Onboard pressure water pump
2	three-way valve product water	8	Feed pump
3	Valve fresh water flush	9	Gauge feed pressure
4	three-way valve	10	Sea cock
5	Pressure regulation valve	11	Gauge working pressure
6	Flow meter product water	15	High pressure pump

	<p>Note! The drinking water production changes according to the salinity, the temperature of the seawater and the age of the R.O. membrane. The data regarding the fresh water production apply to a salinity of 35 grams/ litre at a temperature of 25° Celsius (77° Fahrenheit) at the new membrane. A discrepancy up to +/- 10% also in the power consumption, especially in the first 50 hours of operation, are usual.</p> <p>At a sea water temperature below 25°C the product water quantity will be reduced as follows: e.g. water temperature 15°C, approx. minus 20% / water temperature 5° C, approx. minus 35%.</p>
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Switch off the system, fresh water flush

- 1) Open the pressure control valve until the plant runs without pressure.
- 2) Run the Aquatec several minutes to remove the concentrated salt from the membranes.
- 3) Turn three-way valve (no. 2) to position test-outlet.
- 4) Switch off the high-pressure pump first and then the feed pump.
- 5) Close the sea water intake valve.
- 6) Open valve (no. 3). The fresh water pressure pump of the boat should turn on now flush the system. Duration of flushing time see "flushing time".
- 7) Close valve (no. 3) to finish the fresh water flush.

Description fresh water flush

The fresh water rinse is activated by opening valve (no.3). For this, the seacock must be closed. When that valve is open, fresh water could drain to the sea.

At least 10-15 liters of fresh water is required per membrane A charcoal filter removes any existing chlorine inside the fresh water tank which destroys the membrane.

 Attention!	The carbon filter ensures a chlorine separation up to 4 litres/minute. If necessary, the performance of the on-board pressurized water system must be reduced to avoid damaging the membranes by prevent chlorine. This note only applies when chlorine is used in the drinking water tank. Membrane and HP pump reduce the flushing rate by their internal resistance.
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Flushing time:


The time needed for the fresh water rinse depends on the board-side performance of the fresh water pump and the condition of the membranes and therefore cannot be stated on factory side.

Please find out the required amount of flushing water by discharging the rinsing water into a bucket once after a normal operation (take off the hose at the thru-hull fitting) and check the salinity constantly by tasting. During the process, stop the time to find out the time requirement of future flushes. By collecting it in a bucket, you also find out the needed amount of flushing water.


Hint:

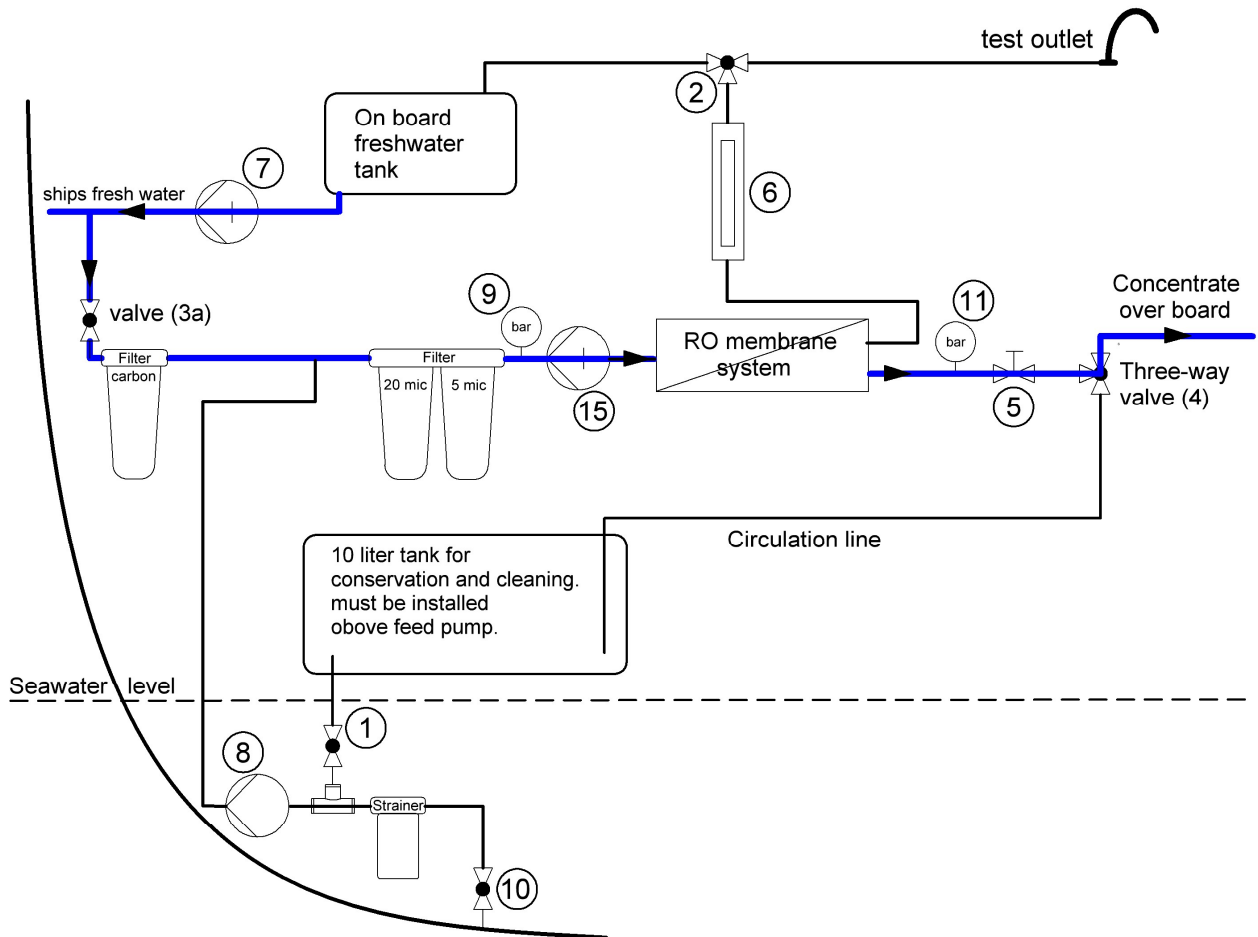
If there is no chlorine present in the fresh water tank, running the feed pump and HP-pump can accelerate the fresh water flushing. Thanks to the well-known pump performance of the HP-pump, the necessary flushing time can be precisely adjusted. Note: the onboard fresh water pump must provide sufficient flow. Performance of KC 150- 240: 15 litre/ minute.

 Attention!	Fresh water flushing of the Aquatec is recommended after each operation. It reduced biological growth in the membrane and preserves the life span and the reliability of the entire system. After each operation, the Aquatec should be rinsed with fresh water. After fresh water flushing, the system may remain unused for 7-14 days. This process can be repeated as desired to avoid the use of chemicals.
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 Attention!	Prior to a longer period of shutdown (without flushing), the Aquatec has to be preserved with the chemical no. 3 (Biocide). For instructions, see "Long term preservation (mothballing) of the plant".
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Flow diagram fresh water flush.

 <p>Note!</p>	<p>HP- Pump always pressureless!!! (Pressure control valve (5) open). The only application with working pressure is the production of product water.</p>
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1	Valve for circulation	7	Onboard pressure water pump
2	three-way valve product water	8	Feed pump
3	Valve fresh water flush	9	Gauge feed pressure
4	three-way valve	10	Sea cock
5	Pressure regulation valve	11	Gauge working pressure
6	Flow meter product water	15	High pressure pump


Long term preservation (mothballing) of the plant (Page 1 of 2)

Description:


Prior to a longer period of shutdown, the Aquatec has to be preserved with chemical no. 3 (Biocide). After mothballing, the plant can be shut down for 6 months, depending on the environmental conditions.


 Attention!	Before preservation and longer downtime. The oil of the high-pressure pump must be changed in order to remove any possibly existing condensation water from the oil. This prevents corrosion of the bearings and surface of the crankshaft
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 Warning!	The conservation chemical no. 3 is a Biocide. Please consider the hazard notes on the canisters. Working with chemicals, please wear protective glasses, breathing protection and rubber gloves for your own safety.
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 Note!	If there any risk of frost, the entire pressure pipe with internal membrane in the pipe should be dismantled (after preservation) and be stored frost-proof with closed hose connections. The liquid present in the pressure pipe can be drained. Can the membrane not be removed alternatively 20%- 50% glycerin in food quality can be added as an antifreeze to the biocide at preservation (glycol is not permitted as antifreeze). The plant has to be drained (filter housings, pumps, hoses). Remove filter cartridges.
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Instruction for mothballing.

 Warning!	Make sure that you follow the following instructions carefully so that no cleaning chemical gets into your fresh water tank.
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 Note!	<u>HP- Pump always pressureless!!!</u> (Pressure control valve (5) open). The only application with working pressure is the production of product water.
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- | |
|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Close the sea water intake valve. 2) The pressure control valve must be open. Turn the product water three-way valve (no. 2) to position test-outlet to avoid that chemicals get into the drinking water tank. 3) Rinse the system with fresh water as described in "Fresh water flushing". 4) Turn the three-way valve (no. 4) according to the flow diagram "Long term preservation (mothballing) of the plant". Open valve (no.1). 5) Dissolve the stated amount of biocide (no. 3) completely in 10 litres of water and pour it into the tank for conservation. (To avoid negative pressure, do not close the cap tightly) As a result of the water already in the system, (each pre-filter= 1 litre, each membrane= 1.5 litres) together with these 10 litres, the result will now be the maximum permitted concentration of 0.5% by weight. A level teaspoon corresponds to 5 grams Biocide (Natriummetabisulfit). 6) Switch on the feed pump and the high-pressure pump. Let the Biocide circulate through the system for about 2-3 minutes. Perform possibly exiting the test outlet liquid back into the preservative tank. 7) The Biocide in the tank can be discharged overboard after turning the three-way valve (no. 4). It should be noted that the system gets no air. Switch pumps off. |
|---|

KC 150	max. 75 gr.	Amount of biocide	KC 240	max. 90 gr.
KC 190	max. 82 gr.			

 Attention!	For preservation times of approx. 2 months, half of the chemical is sufficient.
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Long term preservation (mothballing) of the plant. (Page 2 of 2)

Hint:

In order to avoid possible deposits in the pumps, it is advantageous after preserving the membranes to remove the high-pressure hose at the outlet of the HP pump and to wash out the system with fresh water again, this time **without** the connected membrane.

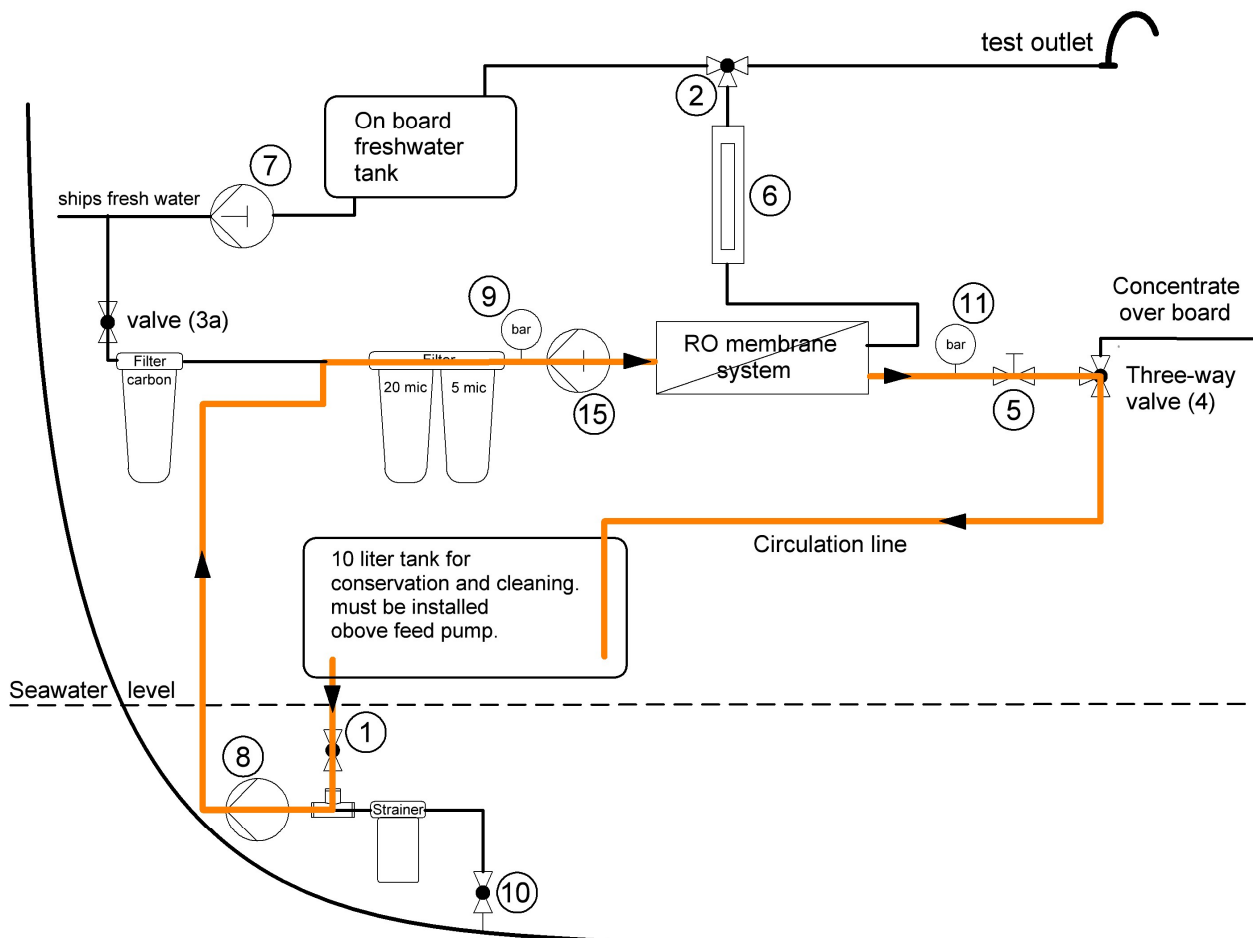
A standard 1/2" hose can be used for this purpose, which should be fitted onto the HP threaded connector of the high-pressure pump to drain the water out into a bucket. Then drain the all the water from the pump, which is important if there is a risk of frost, if possible it is also preferable to blow pressurized air through it in the direction of flow, for this purpose remove the sea water intake hose from the HP pump.

Leakage of the preservative liquid from the pressure pipes is harmless. It is important that membranes with the preservative liquid are well moistened and cannot dry out.

	Warning!	At every recommissioning after cleaning or mothballing, divert the product water over the test-outlet for the first 30 minutes to rinse the chemical completely out of the system.
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Flow diagram long term preservation (mothballing)


	Note!	HP- Pump always pressureless!!! (Pressure control valve (5) open). The only application with working pressure is the production of product water.
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Membrane cleaning.


Description:

If fresh water production decreases by more than 15 to 20%, the membrane should be chemically cleaned. High TDS values (water tastes salty) cannot be reduced by cleaning. Here only a replacement of the membrane helps.


 Warning!	Cleaning chemical no. 1 is alkaline and cleaning chemical no. 2 is an acid. Please consider the hazard notes on the canisters. Working with chemicals, please wear protective glasses, breathing protection and rubber gloves for your own safety. Do not mix different chemicals.
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Instruction for cleaning of membranes.

 Warning!	Make sure that you follow the following instructions carefully so that no cleaning chemical gets into your fresh water tank.
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 Note!	<u>HP- Pump always pressureless!!! (Pressure control valve (5) open).</u> The only application with working pressure is the production of product water.
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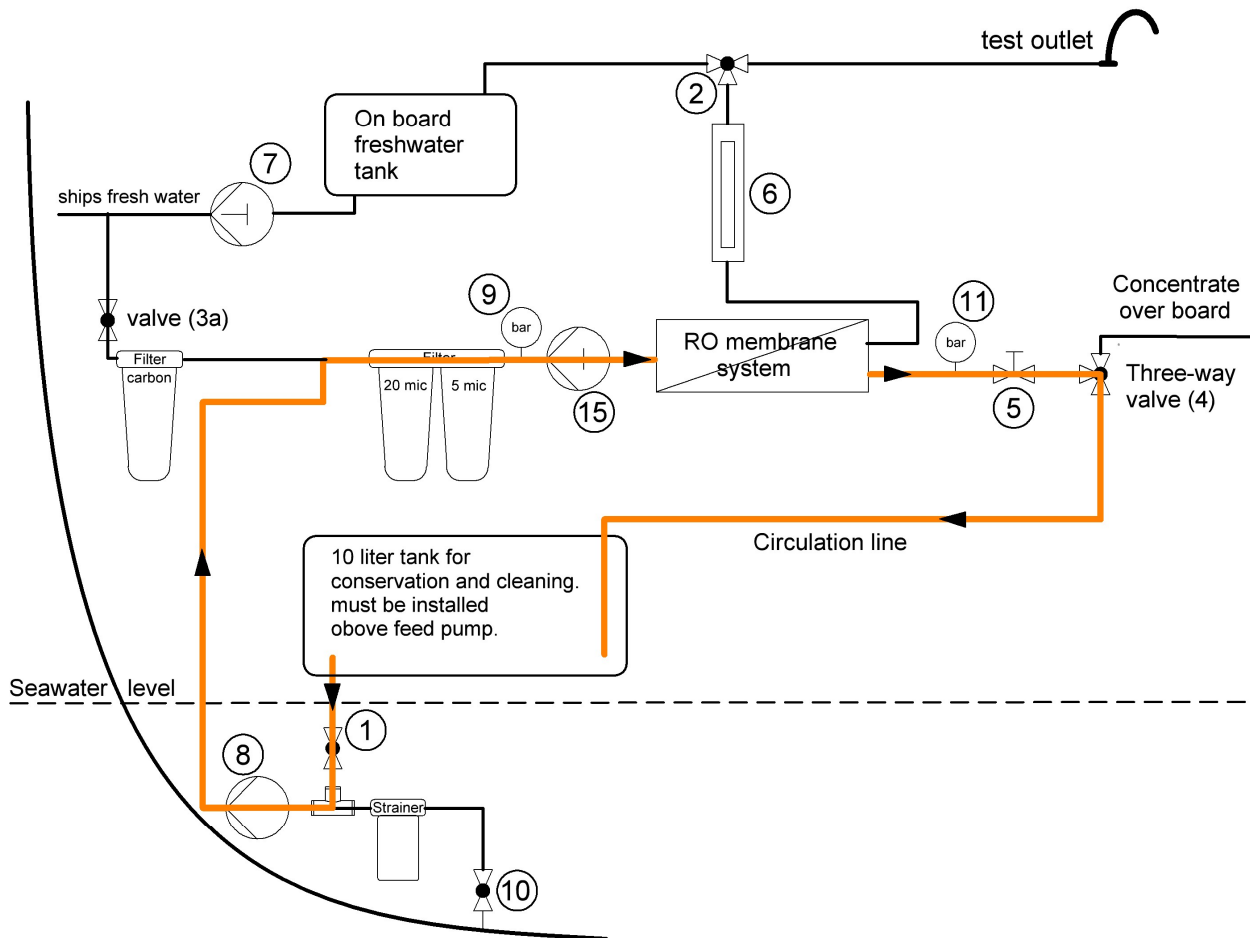
- 1) Close the sea water intake valve.
- 2) The pressure control valve must be open. Turn the product water three-way valve (no. 2) to position **test-outlet** to avoid that chemicals get into the drinking water tank.
- 3) Rinse the system with fresh water as described in "Fresh water flushing".
- 4) Turn the three-way valve (no. 4) according to the flow diagram "Long term preservation (mothballing) of the plant". Open valve (no.1).
- 5) Blend about 10 liters warm chlorine-free fresh water, temperature app. 25° Celsius (77° Fahrenheit), with chemical no. 1 (Alkaline), according to the instructions on the package and pour it into the tank for conservation. (To avoid negative pressure, do not close the cap tightly) Since there are about 1,5 litre of water already in each membrane and 1 litre of water in each filter, please add the according amount of chemical to the water that has to be blended in every membrane and filter.
- 6) Switch on the feed pump and the high-pressure pump. The unit is run for about 5 minutes to circulate the solution through the membrane. Temperature of the solution must not exceed more than 45° Celsius. Then allowed to rest for an hour, and then run again for 5 minutes. Perform possibly exiting the test outlet liquid back into the preservative tank.
- 7) The chemical in the tank can be discharged overboard after turning the three-way valve (no. 4). It should be noted that the system gets no air. Switch pumps off.
- 8) After this, the system is put back into service, unpressurized, and run for 15 minutes or so to clear out the cleaning solution, before being returned to regular service. Once again, the initial product water will need to be discharged for 30 minutes over the test outlet.
- 9) If there is no change in freshwater output, repeat the procedure 1 to 7 with chemical no. 2 (Acid).

 Attention!	Prior to a longer period of shutdown, the Aquatec has to be preserved with Biocide after cleaning and flushing.
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 Warning!	At every recommissioning after cleaning or mothballing, divert the product water over the test-outlet for the first 30 minutes to rinse the chemical completely out of the system.
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Flow diagram cleaning


 <p>Note!</p>	<p>HP- Pump always pressureless!!! (Pressure control valve (5) open).</p> <p>The only application with working pressure is the production of product water.</p>
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Installation guide page 1


 Attention!	<p>The thru hull/ seacock, strainer, valves 1 and 3, and feed pump must be deep as possible below the waterline. Strainer and feed pump as close to the through-hull fitting as possible. For trouble-free operation and to prevent air accumulation, the installation must be designed to incline up to the feed pump or at least horizontally.</p> <p>Experience has shown that the optimal position of the seawater inlet is around midships aft of keel. In the event of strong sea, a through-hull fitting in the bow area will interrupt the feed flow of seawater. Components behind the feed pump can be located both above or below the waterline. Here, too, a rising or horizontal installation should be provided if possible.</p>
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 Attention!	<p>Avoid connecting to an existing inlet e.g. Main machine air conditioning. Common operation is usually not possible because the existing hose cross-sections prevents sufficient inflow.</p>
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 Hint	<p>For assembly, the threads of all hose nozzles / fittings must be wrapped with a few turns of Teflon tape as strongly as possible against the screw-in direction. Very good alternative to Teflon, liquid thread sealant LOCTITE SI 5331. Fittings must not be screwed too tightly into the filters or taps. Do not use hemp for plastic thread.</p>
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 Warning!	<p>Hose connections below the water line should be secured with 2 hose clamps. All hose clamps must be checked time to time and tightened if need.</p>
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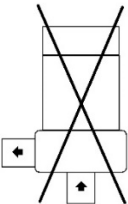

Thru-hull fitting, Strainer and feed pump


 Attention!	<p>Observe flow direction. To avoid mechanical stress, do not mount the strainer directly to the sea-cock. The thru-hull fitting, coarse filter and the feed pump have to be located in an area that will always be under the waterline when the boat is used under normal running conditions.</p> <p>In order to avoid accumulation of air, if possible, install hoses moved upward from the thru-hull fitting to the filters and up to the high-pressure pump.</p> <p>From the sea-cock outlet to the feed pump inlet, the installation must be horizontal or better rising.</p> <p>In order to stay as deep as possible below the waterline, a 90 ° hose nozzle at the sea-cock outlet can be helpful.</p>
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 Attention!	<p>Observe flow direction. The feed pump is not self-priming and must be flooded before switching on, otherwise the bearing will be destroyed by dryness.</p> <p>To allow air to escape, switch the pump on and off several times and, if necessary, open the vent valves on the prefilter.</p> <p>If necessary, remove the high-pressure hose to the membrane at the high-pressure pump and close it again after the water has escaped while the feed pump is running. This also ensures that the HP pump is filled with water.</p> <p>The system can also be vented by flushing with fresh water.</p> <p>If necessary, refer to the further notes under Troubleshooting.</p>
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<p>Mounting position of feed pump.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  OK </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  OK </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  not permitted </div> </div>	<div style="text-align: center;">  Warning! </div> <p>A flexible hose and the enclosed hose fittings must be used to connect the feed pump to other components (risk of breakage). Care must be taken to ensure that the installation is free of tension and vibration.</p> <p>The following installation position must be observed in order to make it difficult to set deposits and to allow the escape of air.</p> <p>Permissible system pressure fresh water flush: Feed pump MD 40, 115 or 230V, 2 bar (29 psi). Feed pump B-C20/A, 400 or 440V, 3.5 bar (50 psi) (If necessary, install a pressure reducer.)</p>
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 Attention!	<p>Depending on the used thru-hull fitting, hull shape and speed, the inflow of seawater can be hampered or even be impossible. Damages to the plant due to insufficient or missing seawater inflow will not be covered by the warranty or guarantee.</p>
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Connection of the seawater inflow

Connect the feed pump with a hose 3/4"=19 mm inner diameter to the access (A3) of the plant.

Installation guide page 2

Connection concentrate (brine)


Connect the access (A4) of the plant to a thru-hull fitting on-board with a hose 1/2"=13 mm inner diameter.

	<p>Warning! This on-board outlet must be above the waterline and must not be lockable. The material for the thru-hull must not be made of acetal.</p>
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Product water

Connect the product water-connection (A1) with the drinking water tank on-board. Connect the product water-connection (A2) with the test outlet on-board.

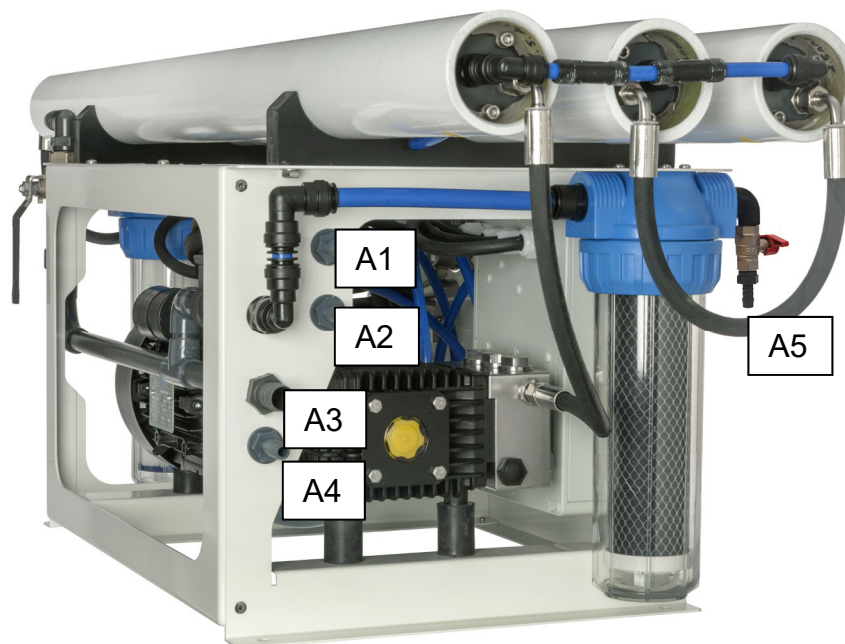
Hose 1/2"= 13 mm inner diameter.

	<p>Warning! Never block the product water line (valve etc.). This damages the membrane and leads to bursting of the product water line.</p>
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Advice:

A good place for the test-outlet is the sink or basin, where it can be installed by an additional water outlet **without** cut off cock.

At this position, an easy control of the product water is possible, furthermore you can bottle your drinking water here directly. This ensures that the quality of the drinking water will be best, since it does not have to follow a detour over the drinking water tank on-board.



Hose connection

Nr.	Anschlussbeschreibung	Hose inside diameter
A1	On-board water tank	1/2" = 13 mm
A2	Test outlet and filling of drinking bottles	1/2" = 13 mm
A3	Feed, coming from feed pump	3/4" = 19 mm
A4	Concentrate (Brine) Drain overboard	1/2" = 13 mm
A5	Onboard pressure water system	1/2" = 13 mm

Installation guide page 3

	Attention!	If the product water inlet is installed below the tank waterline chlorinated water (that possibly entered the tank at the last shore water fill up) might flow back from the tanks into the membranes. As chlorine destroys the R.O. membranes, a return flow from the tank has to be avoided. A return from the water tank is not possible if the 3-way valve no. 2 in the control panel is switched to the test outlet position. A non-return valve must not be used.
--	-------------------	---

Fresh water flush:

Connect your pressurized water system on-board with the charcoal filter of the plant with the connection (A5). Hose 1/2"=13 mm inner diameter.


	Warning!	In order to avoid damaging the feed pump during fresh water flushing via the onboard pressurized water system, observe the permissible system pressure. Feed pump MD 40 , 115 or 230V, 2 bar. Feed pump B-C20/A , 400 or 440V, 3 bar. A pressure reducer may need to be installed in front of the flushing connection.
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Tank for membrane conservation and cleaning

	<p>The tank has to be mounted above the feed pump to ensure the flow to the plant. If this is not possible, an additional feed pump has to be installed.</p> <p>The tank can be fastened to any plane surface with the help of the enclosed webbing and the plastic long eyelets. If necessary, the tank can be provisionally connected and stored separately if necessary.</p> <p>For pressure equalization, you find a 2 mm hole in the center of the tank cover.</p> <p>An oblique mounting from the tank allows complete emptying</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">(1) Flow to valve no. 1(2) coming from pressure valve(3) over board(4) Three- way- valve no. 4(5) 13 mm hose connection.(6) Webbing tank mount.(7) Shown short hose No. 7 must be installed to avoid air-bubbles during circulation.
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Electrical circuit diagram

	<p>Warning! <u>Danger for life!</u> It is obligatory that an electrician has to make the connection. Incorrect connection is dangerous to life.</p>
---	--

	<p>Warning! <u>Danger for life!</u> For all work on electrical components, the entire system must be switched off and a message must be left on the shutdown device.</p>
---	---

Connection cables, fuses and possibly necessary on-board main power switch of the distribution on board to the system are not included in the scope of delivery and have to be supplied on-board.
The connection cable of the plant has a length of 1 meter.

Required cable cross-sections up to 10- meter cable length, longer wires have to be enlarged:

From board's main distribution to junction box:

230 Volt 50 Hz: 3 G 2.5 mm² (AWG 13) / 115 Volt 60 Hz: 3 G, 4 mm² (AWG 11)

400 Volt 50 Hz: 3 G 1.5 mm² (AWG 15)

Supply line from junction box to the feed pump: 3 G x 1 mm² (AWG 17)

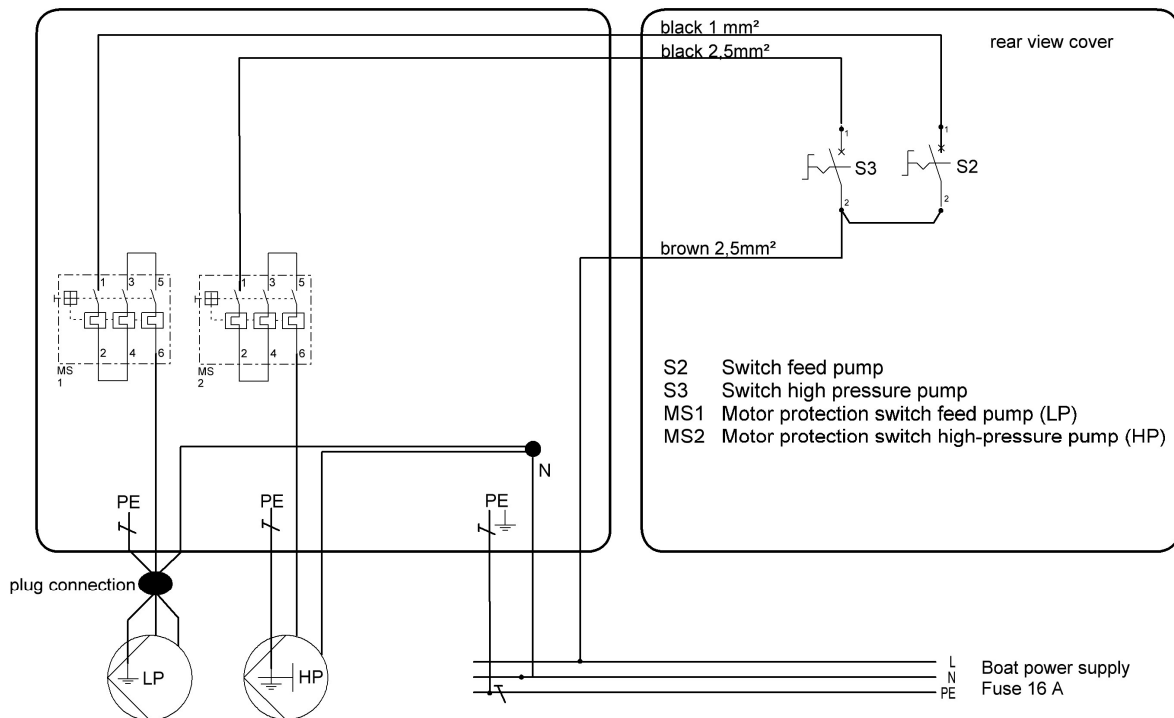
Fuse:

Single phase 230 Volt 50 Hz: 16 amps

Single phase 115 Volt 60 Hz: 32 amps

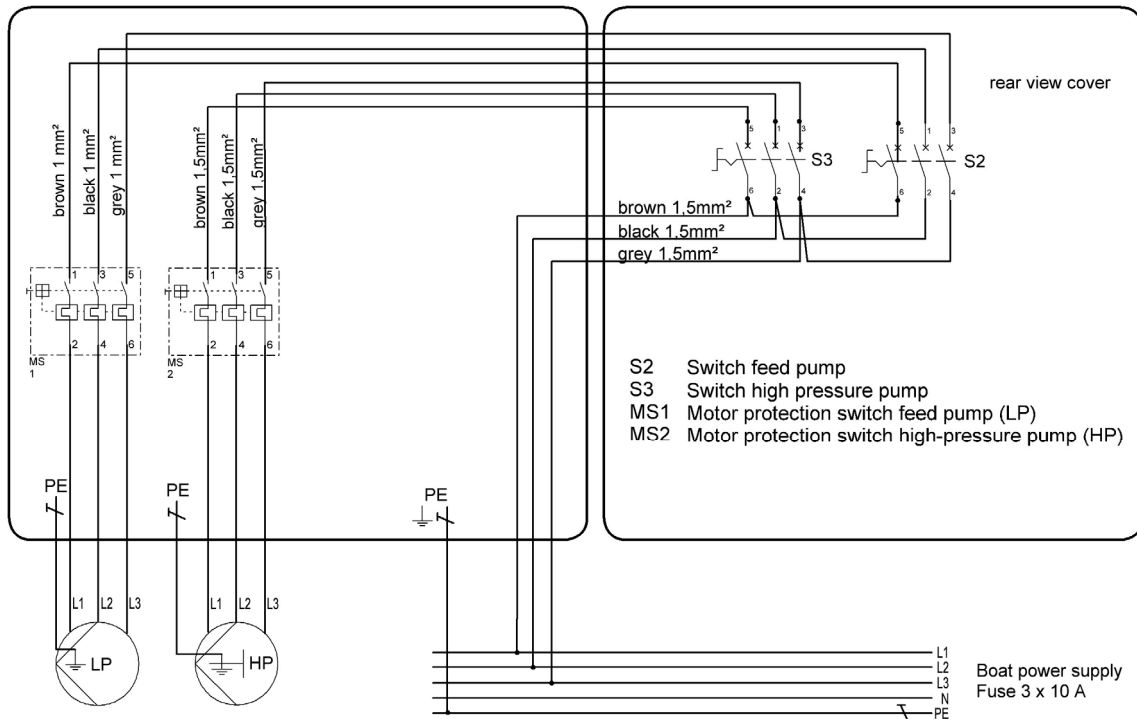
3 phase 400/ 440 Volt 50/ 60 Hz: 10 amps

Single phase 230 Volt 50 Hz or 115 Volt 60 Hz.

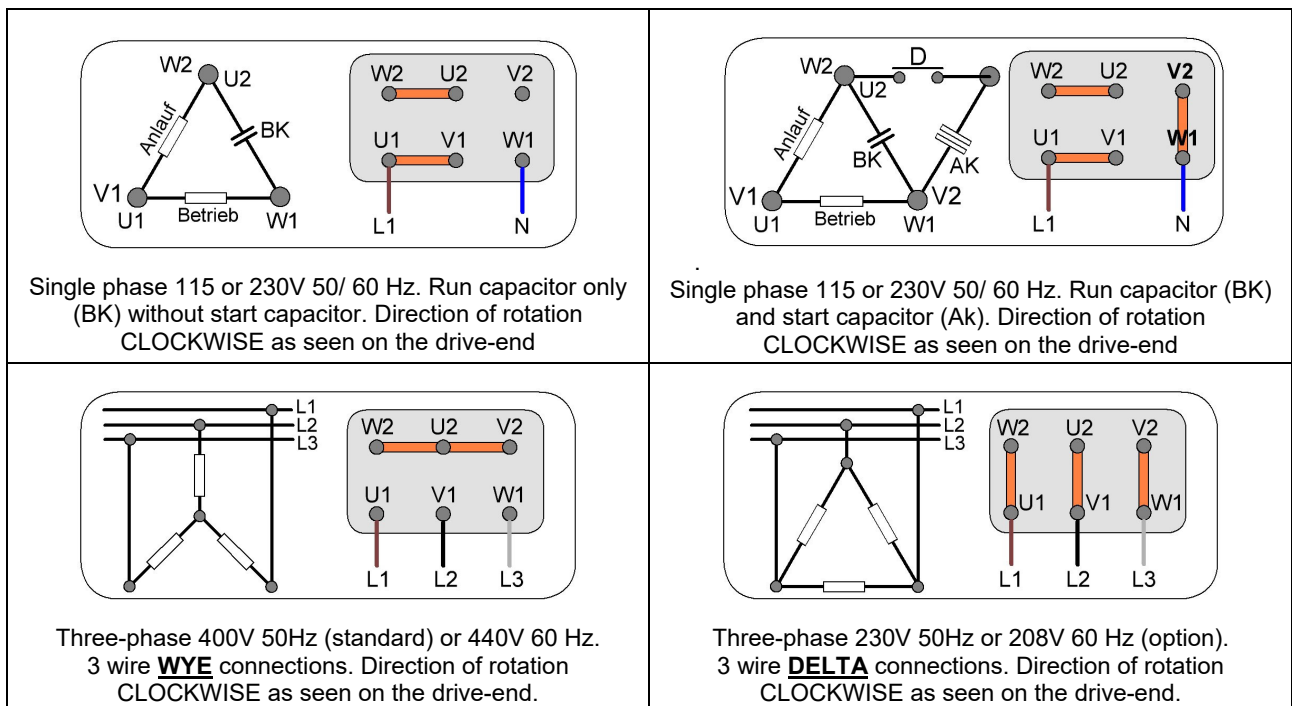


Electrical circuit diagram

3 phase 400 / 440 Volt 50/60 Hz.





AC motor connections diagrams




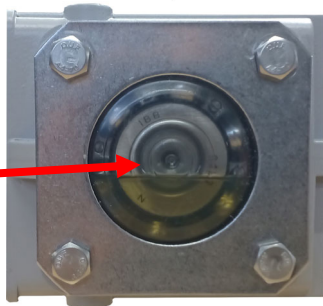
The electric motor protective earth (PE) connection is located at the bottom of the electric motor connection box (Phillips screw).

Inspection – maintenance – oil change

 Attention!	<p>Important: Check the oil level and condition of the high-pressure pump oil daily. In the event of condensation in the oil (whitish/greyish discoloration due to continuous operation, warm environment), change the oil immediately.</p>
--	--

 Attention!	<p>Regularly check hose connections and HP pump for leaks. During operation, check the entire system for possible leaks and smooth running. Operation is not permitted if the system is faulty.</p>
--	---


Select the high-pressure pump of your plant


<p>High-pressure-pump type 1, crankcase color grey. Serial number from <u>S21001</u> First oil change after 50 hrs, any condensed water, change the oil immediately, then every 200 hrs or after 6 months at the latest. Oil type: Gear oil ISO VG 220, alternatively automotive gear oil SAE 90 GL4.</p>			
<p><u>Oil change instruction</u></p> <p>of high-pressure pump: The oil can be drained via the drain plug at the rear of the crankcase. The drain plug (wrench size 19 mm) or Hexagon socket 8 mm under the crankcase. Sealed of copper ring.</p> <p>Alternatively, the oil can be extracted through the oil dipstick opening using a suction pump.</p>		<p>Dipstick full screwed into crankcase</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Oil level Slightly below center sight glass Quantity 0,24 Liter</p>	


<p>High-pressure-pump type 2, crankcase color black. Serial number from 201000 to 202085 or B201000 to B202073 First oil change after 50 hrs, any condensed water, change the oil immediately, then every 200 hrs or after 6 months at the latest. Oil type: Gear oil ISO VG 220, alternatively automotive gear oil SAE 90 GL4.</p>			
<p><u>Oil change instruction</u></p> <p>of high-pressure pump: The oil can be drained via the drain plug at the rear of the crankcase. The drain plug (wrench size 17 mm). Sealed by a reusable O-ring (10.82 x 1.78 NBR 70).</p> <p>Alternatively, the oil can be extracted through the oil dipstick opening using a suction pump.</p>		<p>Dipstick full screwed into crankcase</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Oil level center of sight glass Quantity 0,36 Liter</p>	

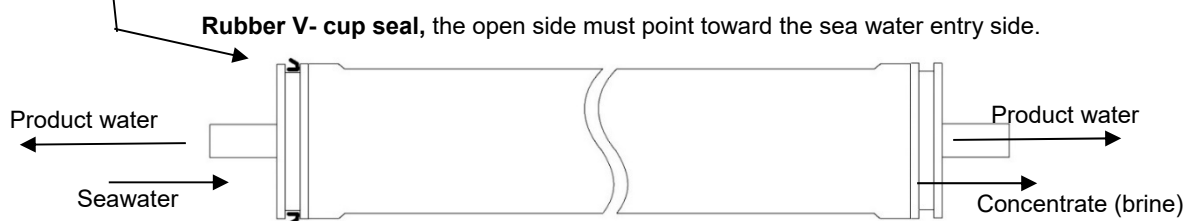
Filter	Maintenance	Time interval
Coarse filter	Cleaning	as required
Prefilter	Replace filter elements	as required, or pre-pressure seawater below 0.2 bar
Charcoal filter	Replace filter element	every 3 months


Replacement of membrane

 <p>Warning!</p>	<p>The membrane is preserved with a chemical. During unpacking and inserting, please wear protective gloves for your own safety. On contact with the preservative liquid, the affected skin areas have to be rinsed thoroughly with water.</p>
--	--

 <p>Attention!</p>	<p>To avoid that the new membrane dries out, it may only be removed from the plastic packaging just before commissioning the plant. The manufacturer's label on the membrane must not be removed.</p>
--	---

	<p>Before installing a new membrane, the accompanying rubber V-cup seal must be mounted on the side of the planned sea water entry. (Depending on the manufacturer, the ring could already be mounted.) In doing so, the open side of the V-ring must point toward the sea water entry side.</p> <p>For easy installation, all sealing rings and membrane connectors should be greased with a light coating of glycerine or Vaseline.</p>
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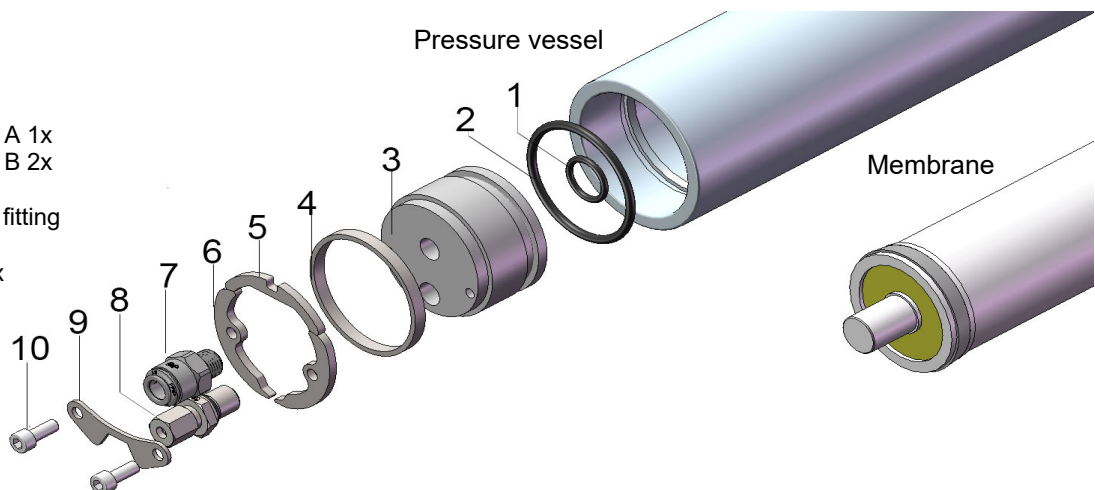


 <p>Note!</p>	<p>The product water connection can be located on any side of the pressure tube and is independent of the flow direction seawater.</p>
--	--

Demounting the membrane:

For demounting the membranes, screw off the screws M6x20 at both ends of the AQUATEC pressure vessel. (Screw tightening torque for the holding clips 3 Nm). Then take off the stainless-steel holding clamps. Push the end caps in a little before pulling them out to loosen the possibly stuck O-rings. Thereafter, pull the end caps out of the pressure pipe with a slight pull at the stainless steel-fittings of the pressure hoses and slightly sidewise movements.


- 1) O-ring
- 2) O-ring
- 3) End cap
- 4) Pressure ring
- 5) Retaining clip, A 1x
- 6) Retaining clip, B 2x
- 7) Product water
- 8) High pressure fitting
- 9) Secure clip
- 10) Screws M6 2x



The membrane has to be shoved out of the pressure pipe in flow direction of sea water, because the dihedral rubber V-ring of the membrane prevents lateral movements against the flow direction.

According to this, during assembly, the membrane has to be shoved into the pressure pipe in flow direction. When mounted, necessarily watch the O-rings to avoid damage. Before installation of the membranes, first fit the end cap on the side of the concentrate in order to thereupon shove the membrane against this cap.

Troubleshooting

 Warning!	Noisy operation, vibrations, unsteady pressure. Prolonged operation with the above error leads to failure of other components.
---	--

Noisy running, pulsating, unsteady and possibly low working pressure, banging or strongly vibrating of high-pressure hose.

Air in system	To bleed air from the system a fresh water flush via the on-board pressurized water system is often optimal for removing existing air from the system.
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Check of sea water supply and venting:

Remove the high-pressure hose at high-pressure-pump that is connected to the membrane. Switch on the feed pump. Water should now come out with some pressure at the outlet of the HP pump.
To collect the discharged water, put a ½" PVC hose over the thread of the high-pressure hose connection fitting.
If OK, reconnect the HP-hose and switch on the FP-pump and HP-pump for further venting of the system and start plant up normally.

If no water flows out, remove the inlet hose from the HP pump for cross-checking. If water flows out at a rate of approx. 20 litres/minute when the FP pump is switched on, the feed is OK. The fault is caused by sticky valves inside the HP pump (possibly due to the system shut down for a longer period of time).

If no water escapes, the sea water inlet is blocked, or the feed pump may be defective.


Feed pump defective	Replace or clean feed pump
Intake clogged	Clean intake
Prefilter, strainer dirty	Clean or replace filter

Dirty or defective valve of high-pressure pump.

Before removing the valves, it sometimes helps to run the system for a few minutes at low pressure to remove the dirt. Which of the 6 valves causes a problem cannot be seen from the outside. The upper 3 pressure valves rarely cause problems. As a rule, it affects one of the 3 lower suction valves. To rectify the fault, unscrew the valve caps (hexagonal screws, width across flats 22 mm or 19 mm) and pull out the valves with needle-nose pliers.
Since even the smallest barely visible contamination creates the problem, often no contamination can be detected. Often disassembling, checking and reassembling the valve is sufficient to correct the fault.
A longer standstill time can also lead to a disturbed seawater supply by sticking of the valve plate with the valve seat (usually it concerns the lower suction valves).

Refer to the parts diagrams on the following pages.

Very rarely, a dirty pressure control valve can also prevent pressure buildup. However, fluctuating working pressure or irregular running is not a problem of the pressure control valve.

 Note!	Grease the thread of the valve screws with metal-free anti seize paste for stainless to prevent seizure.
--	--

Motor does not turn.

Motor drones	Open pressure-valve, motor capacitor defective Check voltage, replace fuse Reduce pressure Adjust or replace motor protection switch
No voltage, fuse defective	
Motor protection switch activated due to overload	
Motor protection switch activated, no overload	
Motor protection switch located inside connection box	

Oil leakage between pump head and crankcase
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Crankcase gasket rings defective	Replace gasket rings
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Water leakage between pump head and crankcase
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Plunger(s) defective / o-rings plunger defective	Replace plunger(s)/ replace o-rings
HP / LP seals defective	Replace seals

Water in the crankcase (whitish or grayish discolored oil)

High humidity (mostly), wrong oil.	Reduce oil change interval, use right oil
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Troubleshooting

Product water quantity

 <p>Note!</p>	<p>The drinking water production changes according to the salinity, the temperature of the seawater and the age of the R.O. membrane. The data regarding the fresh water production apply to a salinity of 35 grams/ litre at a temperature of 25° Celsius (77° Fahrenheit) at the new membrane.</p> <p>A discrepancy up to +/- 10% also in the power consumption, especially in the first 50 hours of operation, are usual.</p> <p>At a sea water temperature below 25°C the product water quantity will be reduced as follows: e.g. water temperature 15°C, approx. minus 20% / water temperature 5° C, approx. minus 35%.</p>
---	--

Product amount of water too low.

Membrane is blocked or defect.
 Temperature seawater lower than 25° Celsius.
 Salinity seawater higher than 35,000 ppm.
 Reduced sea water flow because of blocked or dirty filters.
 Insufficient fresh water rinsing after every use.
 Insufficient chlorine separation by the charcoal filter, assuming chlorine is or was present in the rinsing tank, chemicals or oil sucked in.
 HP pump: dirty or defective valve.
 HP pumps insufficient performance.

Low voltage.	Check voltage at connections of motor high pressure pump, motor protection switch, fuses and all connections up to power supply.
--------------	--

Current consumption according to specification too low?	Probably dirty or defective valve of HP- Pump.
---	--

Product water not smell-free after approx. 5 minutes.

1) Sediment-filter dirty. 2) and or Membrane dirty.	1) Replace filter. 2) Clean membrane, use cleaner no. 1
--	--

Salty taste of product water

Membrane defect.	Replace membrane. Note: Chemical cleaning has no effect here.
------------------	---

Control of HP pump's performance.

Current consumption consistent with specification OK?
 Recommendation: accurate test of the HP pump output:
 Instruction for testing the flow (litre/ minute) of the HP pump.

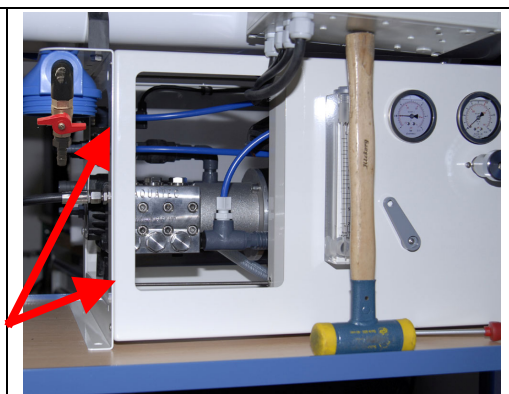
- 1) Place the plant into operation.
- 2) Adjust the working pressure.
- 3) Turn the 3-way valve No: 4 to operate toward the 5 or 10-liter conservation tank.
- 4) Alternatively, pipe seawater concentrates into a bucket to measure the quantity.
- 5) Using a stop-watch, to measure the time until filling. In order to avoid an overflow, strictly reposition the valve to the board setting shortly before the tank is full.
- 6) In addition, collect the amount of product water in the same period of time over the test outlet in a vessel and add it.

HP pump performance in liters per minute at 55 bar working pressure:
 KC 150: 12- 13 litre/ minute
 KC 190- 240: 14,5 litre/ minute

Service high-pressure pump

To work comfortable on the pump head of the HP pump in case of a leakage, the electronic box can be taken out forward out of the front plate. For this, just loosen lightly 2 screw nuts wrench size 8. The screw nuts are located on the left side of the box behind the front plate, easily accessible after you have taken off the charcoal filter. The electronic box can be fixed above easily, e.g. with a hammer as you see on the picture, so that it doesn't disturb the work.

Position retaining nuts of electronic box



Tightening torques and spare-part-numbers of high-pressure-pump typ 1.

Type 1, crankcase color grey

! Note! When ordering spare parts please state Pump-Head Serial No.

Serial-number

Screw No. 16C
secure with Loctite 243
Tightening torque 22,5 Nm

Washer 16D
on both sides
seal with Loctite 577.


Tightening torque / mounting:
Screws No. 3/5/6/10 – Torque 10 Nm
Valve screws No. 32 – Torque 25 Nm
Head-Screws No. 34 – Torque 12 Nm
Perform the tightening sequence (1-8) 2 times.

Before mounting the pump-head,
slide items 20 to 24 onto the plungers.
Insert item 25 into the pump head.

! Note! Grease the thread of the valve screws (No. 32) with e.g. Anti-Size (metal-free for stainless steel) to prevent seizing.

Spare part numbers of high-pressure-pump type 1

Type 1, crankcase color grey

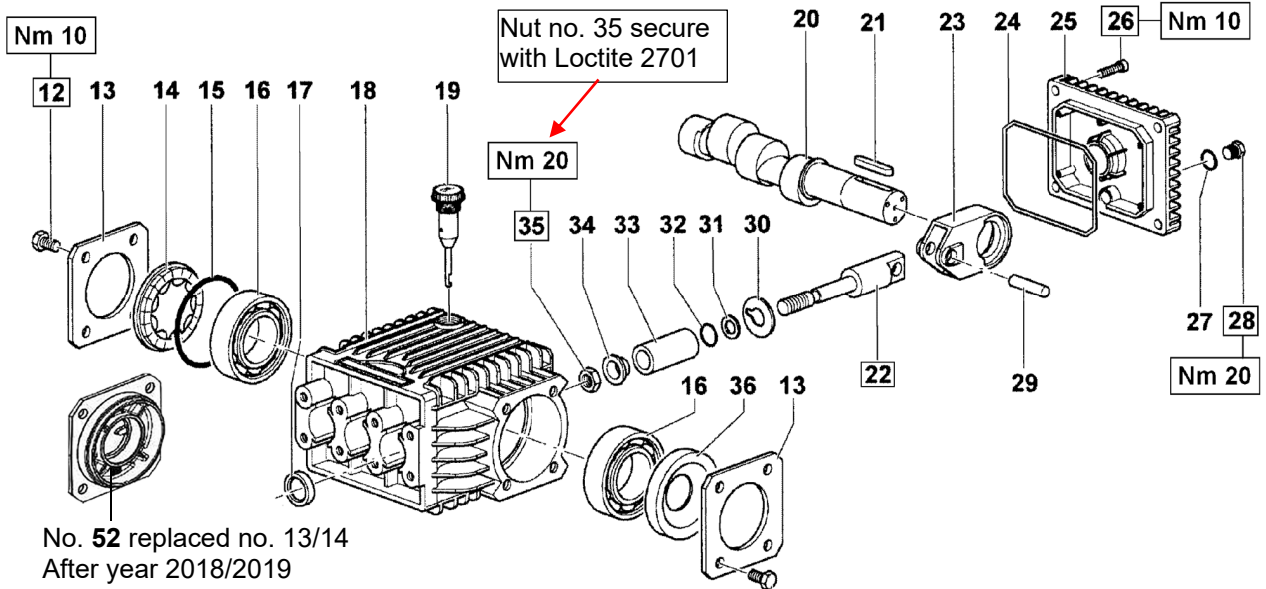
 Note!	When ordering spare parts please state Pump-Head Serial No.
--	--


No.	Order No.	Description	Qty
1	141609	Crankcase	1
2	141610	Oil Dipstick	1
3	141611	Crankcase Cover	1
3A	141612	Oil Drain Plug Assy	1
4	141613	O-Ring	1
5	141614	Plug Assy	1
6	141615	Cylinder Screw M6 x 16	4
6A	141616	Spring Washer 6,3	8
7	141617	Bearing Cover	1
8	141618	Oil Sight Glas	1
9	141619	O-Ring	1
10	141620	Hexagon Screw M6 x 12	4
11	141621	Radial Shaft Seal	1
12A	141622	Ball Bearing	1
12B	141623	Ball Bearing	1
13	141624	Crankshaft DD500 12/ 24 V- AC 55, 230/1/50	1
13	141625	Crankshaft AC 65/ 110, 230/1/50	1
13	141626	Crankshaft AC 75/ 135, 230/1/50 (AC 150, 115/1/60 und 440/3/60)	1
13	141627	Crankshaft AC 150, 400/3/50	1
13	141628	Crankshaft AC 150- 240, 230/1/50 (AC 190/ 240, 400/3/50)	1
14	141629	Fitting Key	1
15	141630	Connecting Rod	3
16	141631	Plunger Assy 18mm dia.	3
16A	141632	Plunger	3
16B	141633	Plunger Pipe	3
16C	141634	Tension Screw (secure with Loctite 243 torque 22,5)	3
16D	141635	Steel Ring (seal on both sides with Loctite 577)	3
16E	141636	O-Ring	3
16F	141637	Support Ring	3
17	141638	Crosshead Pin	3
19	141639	Gear Seal	3
20	141605	Sealing girder	3
21	141640	O-Ring	3
23	141602	LRF- Ring	3
23A	141641	Low pressure seal black	6
23B	141654	Support Ring LP	3
24	141644	Support Ring HP	3
25	141642	High pressure seal brown	3
26	141600	High pressure head	1
26A	141648	Valve assy (27-30)	6
27	141604	Valve Seat	6
28	141603	Valve Plate	6
29	141606	Valve Spring	6
30	141607	Spring Tension Cap	6
31	141608	O-Ring	6
32	141601	Plug	6
33	141649	O-Ring -S210062	6
33	141493	O-Ring S210063-	6
34	141645	Hexagon Screw M6 x 55	8
38	141646	Plug G1/4"	1
39	141563	Plug G1/2"	1

Tightening torques and spare-part-numbers of high-pressure pump typ 2

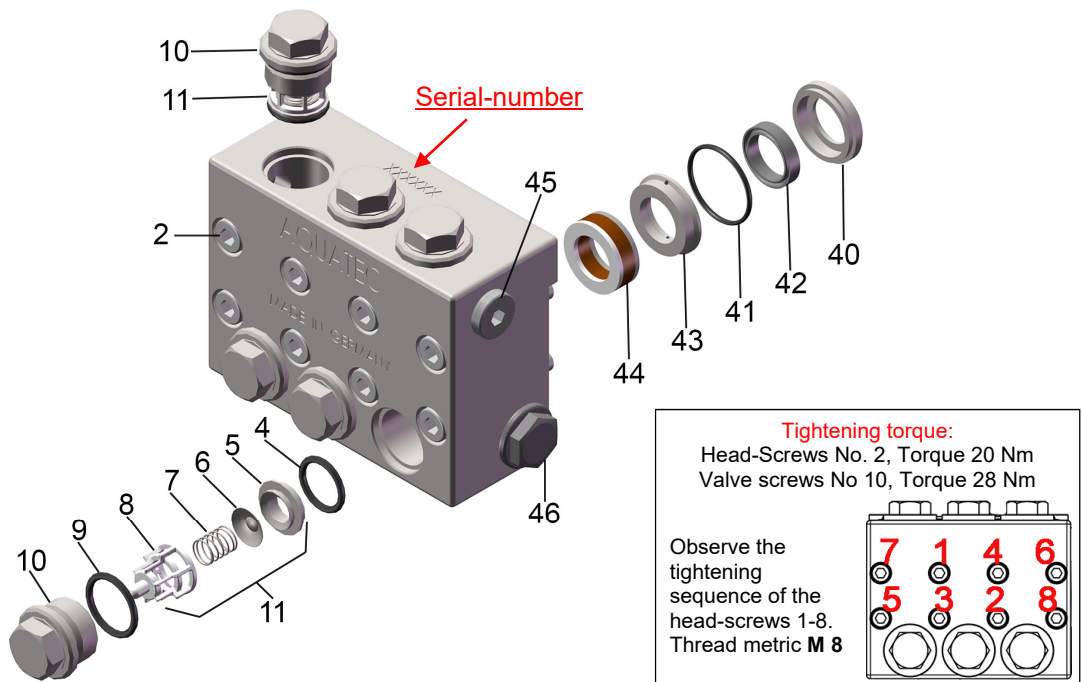
Type 2, crankcase color black


 <p>Note!</p>	<p>When ordering spare parts please state Pump-Head Serial No.</p>
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 <p>Warning!</p>	<p>To unscrew nut no. 35 heat up to about 200°C. Secure nut no. 35 with Loctite 2701. To tighten nut no. 35 a torque wrench must be used (20Nm).</p>
--	--


Pump head Type 2



 <p>Note!</p>	<p>Grease the thread of the valve screws (No. 10) with e.g. Anti-Size Paste (metal-free for stainless steel) to prevent seizing.</p>
---	--

Spare part-numbers of high-pressure-pump typ 2

Type 2, crankcase color black

 <p>Note!</p>	<p>When ordering spare parts please state Pump-Head Serial No.</p>
---	---

No.	Order No.	Description	pc.
1	141410	Pump head ss 1.4462 Typ DC320-500-800, DD500, AC65-110	1
	141411	Typ AC75-135, AC/KC150-190-240	
2	141554	Screw 8 x 60 or 8 x 55 ss	8
	141555	Screw 8 x 60 or 8 x 60 ss	
4	141491	O-ring 17.13x2.62 NBR 70 (Kit 110)	6
5	141434	Valve seat ss 1.4462	6
6	141436	Valve plate ss 1.4462	6
7	141437	Spring ss	6
8	141438	Valve body plastic	6
9	141493	O-ring 20.24x2.62 NBR90 (Kit 110)	6
10	141429	Valve screw ss M24x1,5	6
11	141441	Kit valve unit complete no. 5-8	6
12	141560	Screw M6 x 12	8
13	141472	Metal cover	2
14	141473	Oel eye plastic	1
15	141494	O-Ring 55.56x3.53 NBR70	1
	141495	O-Ring 56.82x2.62 NBR70 after 2018	
16	141474	Bearing	2
17	141505	Shaft seal 18 x 26 x 6	3
18	141460	Crankcase aluminium	1
19	141476	Dipstick plastic	1
20	141464	Crank shaft Typ DC320, DD500	1
	141465	Typ DC500, DC800, AC65-110	
	141466	230 Volt, Typ AC75-135	
	141468	230 Volt, Typ AC/KC150-190-240	
	141467	400 Volt, Typ AC/KC150-190-240	
21	141470	Gib head	1
22	141449	Drive rod ss	3
23	141482	Connecting rod eye	3
24	141496	O-ring 101.27 x 2.62 NBR 70	1
25	141461	Back cover aluminium	1
26	141561	Screw M6 x 14 ss	4
27	141497	O-ring 10.82 x 1.78 NBR 70	1

No.	Order No.	Description	pc.
28	141565	Drain plug ¼" x 9	1
29	141483	Gib	3
30	141453	Rosette	3
31	141503	support ring plastic	3
32	141499	O-ring 5.28 x 1.78 NBR 70 (Kit 110)	3
33	141455	Plunger 15 mm Typ DC320-500-800, DD500, AC65-110	3
		Plunger 18 mm Typ AC75-135, AC/KC150-190-240	
34	141432	Special ring ss	3
35	143022	Nut M 8 ss	3
36	141507	Rotary shaft seal 25 x 62 x 10	1
40	141420	Seal holder ss 15 mm Typ DC320-500-800, DD500, AC65-110	3
	141425	Seal holder ss 18 mm Typ AC75 - 135 - AC/KC 150 - 190 - 240	
41	141501	O-Ring 28.3 x 1.78 NBR 70 (Kit 110)	3
42	141517 (Kit 160)	LP seals 15 mm Typ DC320-500-800, DD500, AC65-110	3
	141528 (Kit 161)	LP seals 18 mm Typ AC75 - 135 - AC/KC 150 - 190 - 240	
43	141421	Thrust collar ss 15 mm Typ DC320, 500, 800, DD500, AC65-110	3
	141426	Thrust collar ss 18 mm Typ AC75-135, AC/KC150-190-240	
44	141511 (Kit 160)	HP seals 3 parts 15 mm, incl. No.42 Typ DC320, 500, 800, DD500, AC65-110	3
	141521 (Kit 161)	HP seals 3 parts 18 mm, incl. No.42 Typ AC75-135, AC/KC 150-190-240	
45	141551	Screw stainless ¼"	1
46	141563	Screw plastic ½"	1
52	141488	Cover plate aluminium	1

(Kit 110) 141490 O- Rings	(Kit 160) 141511 Seals LP /HP	(Kit 161) 141521 Seals LP/ HP
6 x No.4 - 6 x No. 9	3 x No. 42 – 3 x No. 44	3 x No. 42 – 3 x No. 44
3 x No.32 – 3 x Nr.41		

Feed pumps



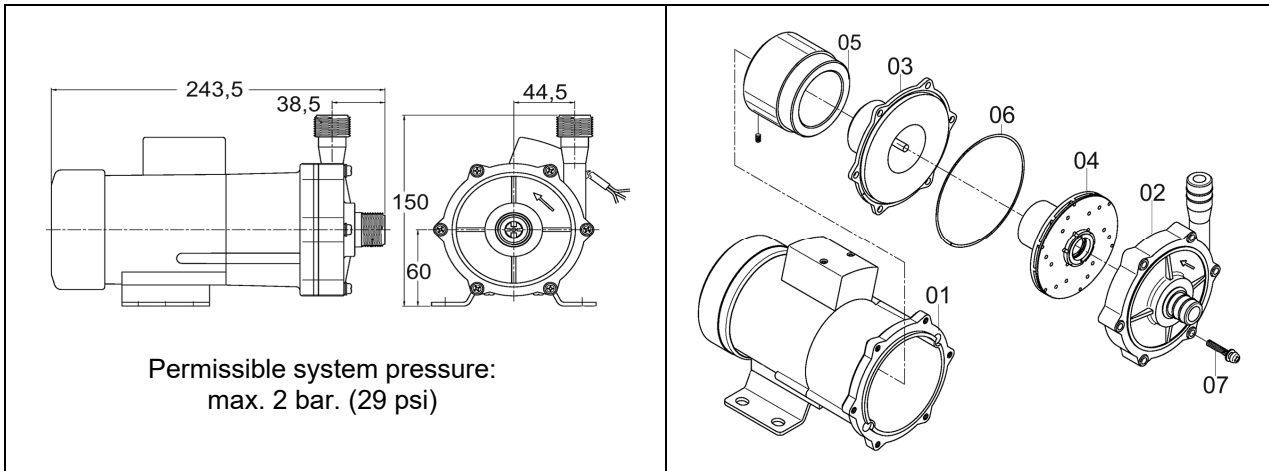
Note!

To ensure sufficient pre-pressure to the high-pressure pump, the delivery head of the feed pump should not exceed 2 m.
Low pre-pressure reduces the service life of the pre-filter.
Feed pumps with higher head are optionally available.

Feed pump Aquatec type 40

Magnetically coupled centrifugal pump, Power 140/ 200 Watt
Voltage 1 ~ 220-240 Volt 50/ 60 Hz, Insulation class E, IP 44. Thermal Protected.
Output 0 m= 1,320 l/h, 6 m= 1,200 l/h, 9,5 m= 600 l/h., 12.0 m= 0 l/h.
Thread ¾" BSP male, weight 3.60 kg.

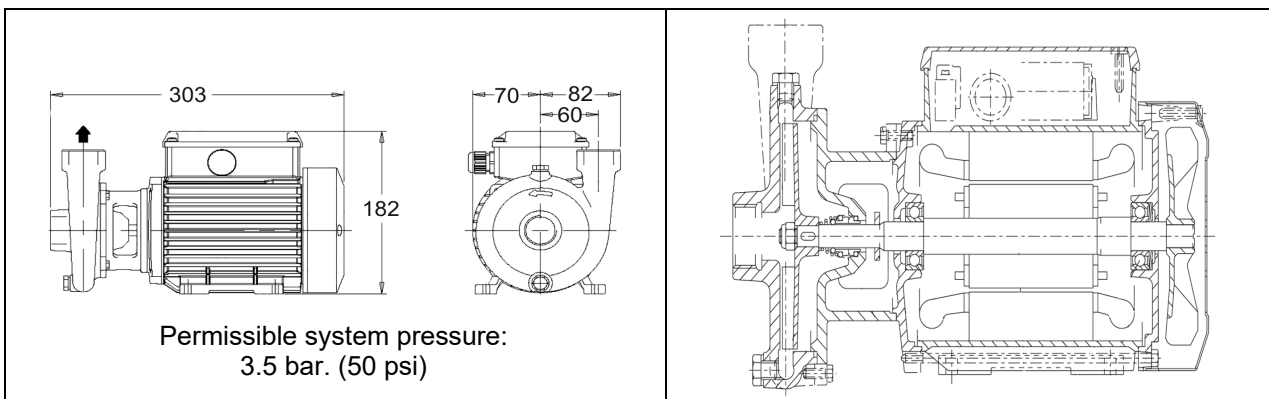
Feedpump FP 40: 1~ 230V 50 Hz or 115 V 60 Hz.



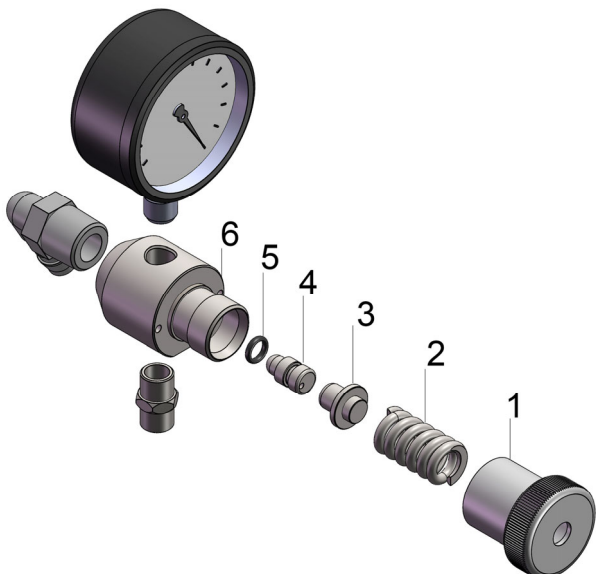
Feed pump Aquatec type B-C20/A

Close-coupled centrifugal pump with open impeller, power 370 Watt
Voltage 3 ~ 400/ 440 Volt 50/ 60 Hz, Insulation class F, IP 54. Thermal protected.
Output 9,5 m= 4,200 l/h., 12,0 m= 1,500 l/h (50 Hz).
Pump casing bronze, shaft AISI 316, impeller brass. Mechanical carbon/ ceramic/ NBR seal.
Thread 1" BSP female, weight 9.00 kg.
Permissible system pressure: 3 bar.

Feedpump B-C20/A: 3~ 400/ 440V/ 50/ 60 Hz.





Pressure regulation valve

	<p>Maintenance (only as required) is limited to cleaning and greasing.</p> <p>The O-ring (5), (7,5x2 NBR 70), has only to be changed in case of leakage.</p> <p>To take the pressure pin out of the valve body (6), unscrew the adjusting knob (1). Then take off the spring (2) with pressure disk (3). Now you see the pressure (4) pin with a M3 tapped hole, pull it out by screwing in a M3 screw.</p> <p>Note: Seal the 1/4 "connection thread for pressure gauges and HP connection with Loctite 2701.</p>
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Hose dimensions

Hose dimensions (inner diameter)	
Feedflow sea water up to the plant	3/4" / 19 mm
Feedflow sea water inside the plant up to high pressure pump	3/4" / 19 mm
Concentrate overboard (Brine)	1/2" / 13 mm
Fres water flush	1/2" / 13 mm
Circulation up to the cleaning tank	1/2" / 13 mm
Circulation from cleaning tank up to valve no. 1	3/4" / 19 mm
Product water pipe inside the plant	3/8" PE Rohr
Product water hose from the plant to the fresh water tank / test outlet	1/2" = 13 mm
High pressure hose	1/4"

Plug-in and at any time detachable pipe connection of product water line.

<p>EASY TO MAKE A CONNECTION</p> <p>Cut the tube square and remove burrs and sharp edges. Ensure the outside diameter is free of score marks. Push the tube 20 mm into the fitting, up to the tube stop.</p>	
<p>To disconnect, ensure the system is depressurized, push the collet square against the fitting. With the collet held in this position the tube can be removed.</p>	

Specification

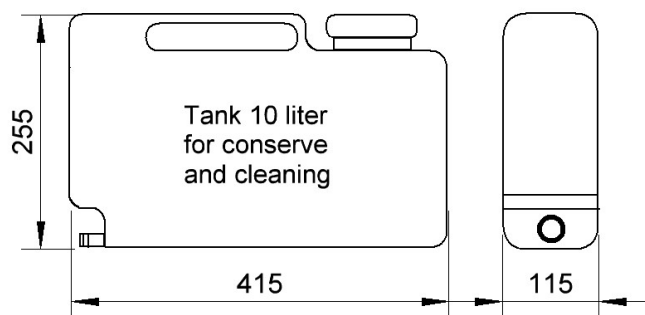
 Warning!	Aquatec Watermaker are designed for permanent installation on ships. Operation of the system is only permitted with clean seawater.
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Technical data – AQUATEC Watermaker KC 150 bis KC 240		
Membrane type	Seawater SW 2540	
Working Pressure	max. 55 bar	
Minimum Salt Rejection	Up to 99.5%	
PH Range	2 – 11	
Free Chlorine Tolerance	less than 0.1 ppm	
Seawater temperature range	+ 4° bis 38° Celsius	
Production at 3,5% salinity 25° C, 55 bar (800 psi) working pressure +/- 10%	KC 150: 150 liter / h KC 190: 190 liter / h KC 240: 240 liter / h	
Power requirement high pressure pump	1~ KC 150 1~ KC 190/ KC 240 3~ KC 150 3~ KC 190/ KC 240	1~ 230V/ 50Hz – 10.0 A / 115V/ 60Hz- 21 A 1~ 230V/ 50Hz – 12.0 A / 115V/ 60Hz- 24 A 3~ 400V/ 50 Hz - 3.9 A / 3~ 440V/ 60Hz- 4.1A 3~ 400V/ 50 Hz - 4.6 A / 3~ 440V/ 60Hz- 4.8 A
Power requirement feed pump	1~ 230V/ 50Hz- 0.4 A / 3~400V/ 50Hz- 1.3 A / 3~ 440V/ 60Hz- 1.7 A	
Operating time	continuous duty up to 30°C ambient temperature	

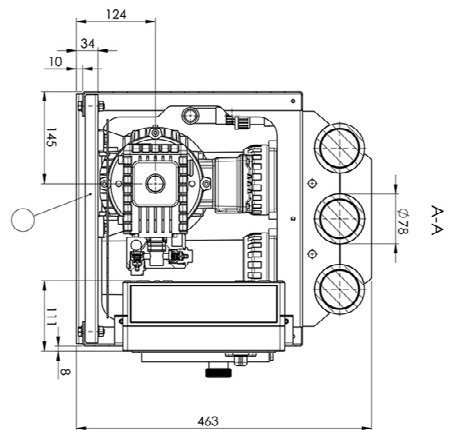
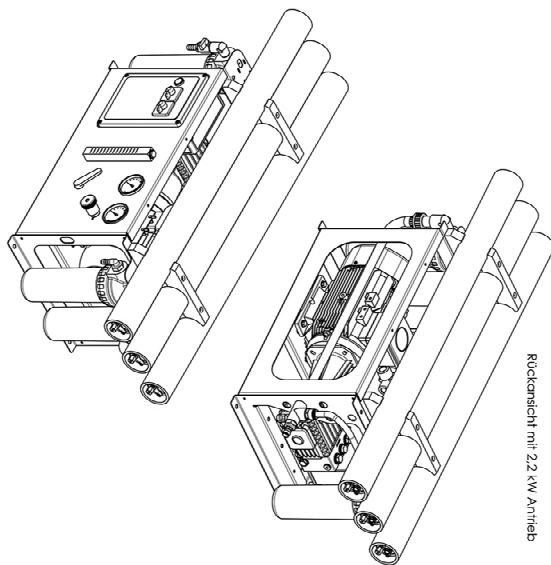
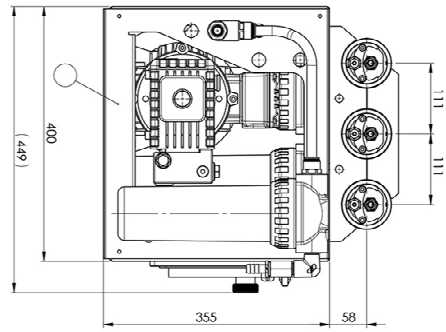
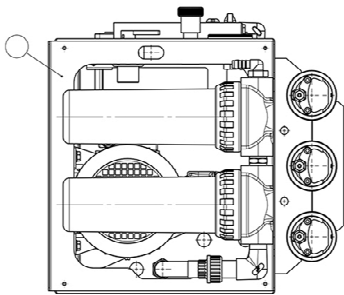
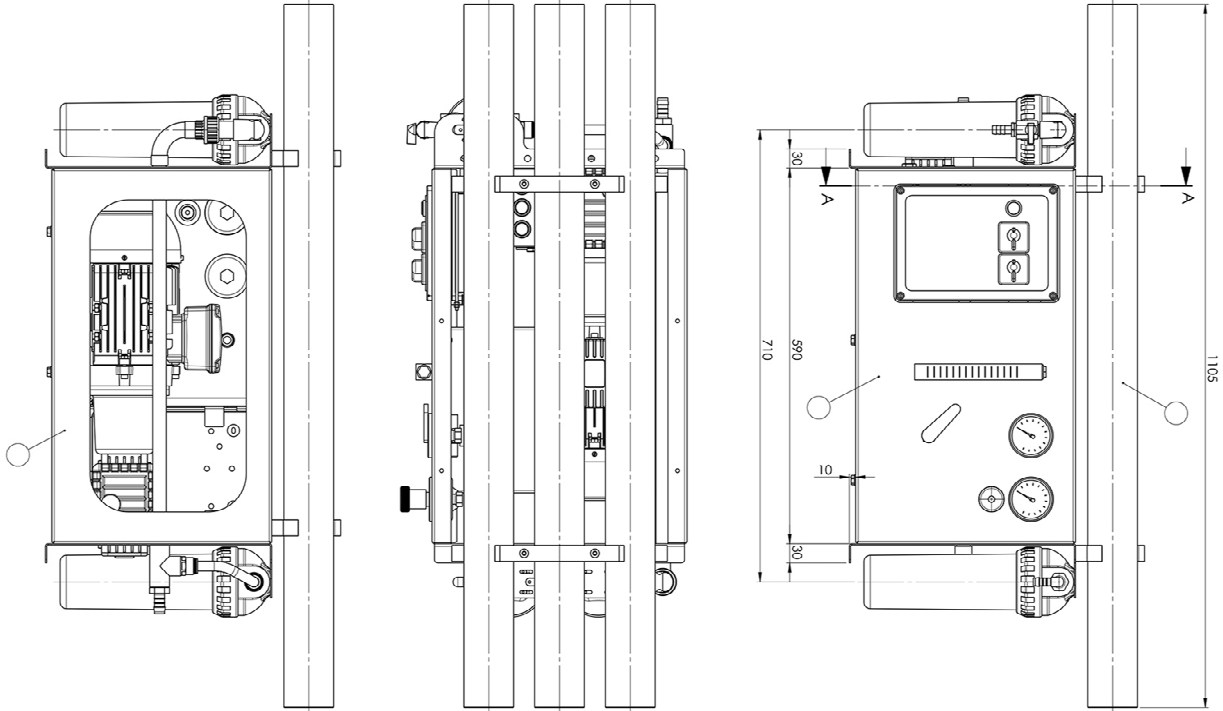
Filter

Sediment filter 5 mic and 20 mic	Cartridge 9 7/8"x 2,5"(251mm x 65 mm)
Charcoal filter for fresh water flush	Cartridge 9 7/8"x 2,5"(251 mm x 65 mm)

Tank for conserve and cleaning



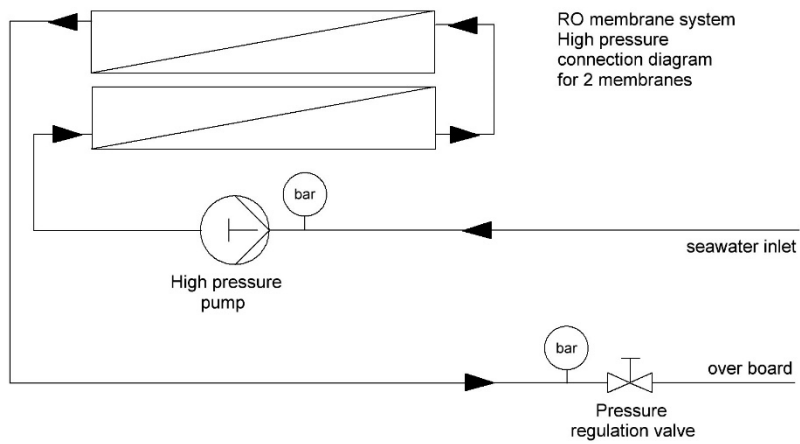
Dimensions



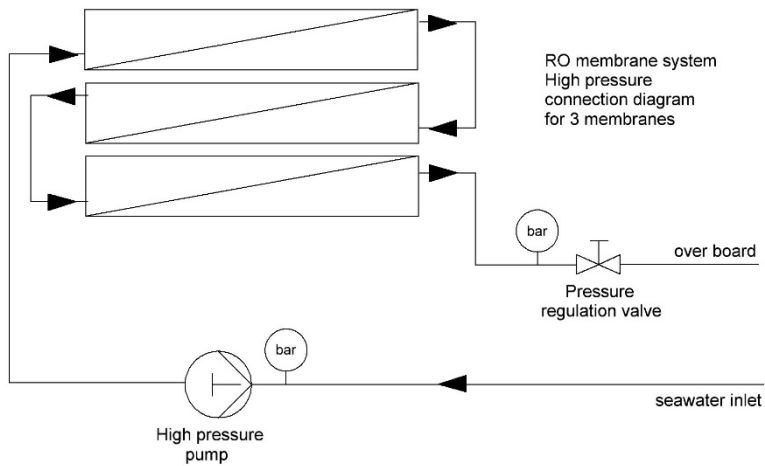
Connection diagram membranes

High-pressure connection diagram of pressure vessels (membranes).

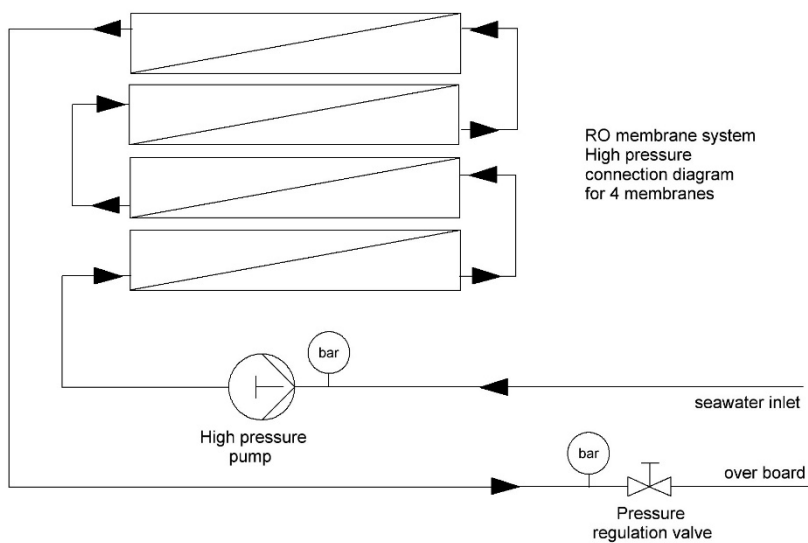
KC 150



KC 190



KC 240



Partlist KC 150 - KC 190 - KC 240

		KC 150, 230 V 50 Hz	KC 190, 230 V 50 Hz	KC 240, 230 V 50 Hz	KC 150, 115 V 60 Hz	KC 190, 115 V 60 Hz	KC 240, 115 V 60 Hz	KC 150, 400 V 50 Hz	KC 190, 400 V 50 Hz	KC 240, 400 V 50 Hz	KC 150, 440 V 60 Hz	KC 190, 440 V 60 Hz	KC 240, 440 V 60 Hz
No.	Description	Quantity											
	Compact Plant												
	Compact Plant 115 V 60 Hz												
120140	Compact Plant 230 V 50 Hz	1											
120142	Compact Plant 230 V 50 Hz		1										
120144	Compact Plant 230 V 50 Hz			1									
120141	Compact Plant 400 V 50 Hz						1						
120143	Compact Plant 400 V 50 Hz							1					
120145	Compact Plant 400 V 50 Hz								1				
120141	Compact Plant 440 V 60 Hz										1		
120143	Compact Plant 440 V 60 Hz											1	
120145	Compact Plant 440 V 60 Hz												1
	Feed Pump												
142147	Feed Pump 3/4" 115 V 60 Hz				1	1	1						
142146	Feed Pump 3/4" 230 V 50 Hz	1	1	1									
142179	Feed Pump 1" 400 V 50 Hz							1	1	1			
142180	Feed Pump 1" 440 V 60 Hz										1	1	1
123158	E- Connection Box Feed Pump	1	1	1	1	1	1						
130153	Hose Tail 3 part 3/4" x 19 mm	2	2	2	2	2	2						
130139	Hose Barb 1" x 19 mm							2	2	2	2	2	2

		KC 150	KC 190	KC 240
No.	Artikel	Stück		
128002	Tank 10 Liters	1	1	1
130091	Tank Connection 1/2" x 13 mm	1	1	1
130150	Hose Tail 3 part 1/2" x 13 mm	1	1	1
130136	Hose Barb 3/4" x 19 mm PA	1	1	1
128005	Tightening Strap	1	1	1
128006	Bracket Tightening Strap	2	2	2
128009	Teflon Tape	1	1	1
129111	3 Way Valve 1/2" PVC	1	1	1
129128	Ball Valve 3/4"	1	1	1
134154	Tee 3/4 x 3/4 x 3/4	1	1	1
130141	Hexagon Nipple 3/4" PP	1	1	1
130110	Hose Barb 1/2" x 13 mm PA	3	3	3
130116	Hose Barb 90° 1/2" x 13 mm PA	1	1	1
130113	Hose Barb 3/4" x 19 mm PA	6	6	6
135030	Hose Clips Stainless 1/2"	10	10	10
135032	Hose Clips Stainless 3/4"	10	10	10
135020	PVC Hose 13 mm	5	5	5
135025	PVC Spiral Hose 19 mm	5	5	5

		KC 150	KC 190	KC 240
No.	Artikel	Stück		
125092	Coarse Filter 3/4"	1	1	1
139153	Bracket Coarse Filter	1	1	1
130113	Hose Barb 3/4" x 19 mm Norma	3	3	3
120090	User Manual	1	1	1
125105	Preservation Chemical No. 3, 300 g	1	1	1
	Optionen (Cruising Kit)			
141652	Kit Valves: 6 Pieces	1	1	1
141651	Kit HP, LP Gasket set	1	1	1
139987	Kit O-rings1 Pressure Pipe	2	3	4
125120	Sediment Filter 5 mic	4	4	4
125121	Sediment Filter 20 mic	4	4	4
125122	Carbon Filter	2	2	2
125101	Cleaning Chemical No.1, 400 g	1	1	1
125104	Cleaning Chemical No.2, 500 g	1	1	1
125106	Preservation Chemical No.3, 600 g	1	1	1